Biology

Degree conferred
Master of Science in Biology

Options
Four options available:
- Biochemistry
- Ecology and Evolution
- Animal Molecular Life Sciences
- Plant and Microbial Sciences

Languages of study
Study in English

Commencement of studies
Commencement of studies in the Autumn Semester (September) or in the Spring Semester (February)

Access to further studies
This master programme qualifies students also for the doctoral programme Medical Sciences

The Department of Biology of the Faculty of Science offers four different orientations for the Master of Science in Biology:

1. Biochemistry
   The orientation Biochemistry, puts special emphasis on biomolecules regulating the internal clock, food sensing and growth control, lipid metabolism, ribosome biogenesis, membrane lipids and carbohydrates. The organisms studied are the mouse and the unicellular eukaryotic fungus Saccharomyces cerevisiae (Baker's yeast). Both allow a fascinating and detailed study of gene function and regulation of homeostasis;

2. Ecology and Evolution
   This orientation promotes higher education and research in organismic biology, in particular in ecology and evolution. Current research interests of members of the unit include food web structure, conservation biology, invasive species, agro-ecology, host-parasite interactions, life-history evolution, inbreeding depression, evolution in fragmented habitats, and population genetics. The organisms investigated are whole food webs, water fleas (Daphnia), horse chestnut leaf miner (Cameraria), as well as plants: spotted knapweed (Centaurea stoebe), groundsel (Senecio), false heliobore (Veratrum), dock (Rumex), poplar (Populus) and their natural enemies;

3. Animal Molecular Life Sciences
   This orientation is centred on the mechanisms that govern animal development in the following animal model systems: The fruit fly Drosophila melanogaster, the nematode Caenorhabditis elegans, the zebra fish Danio rerio and the mouse. Research groups investigate molecular aspects of regeneration, cell differentiation, neuronal outgrowth and connectivity, behaviour, chemoreceptors, and aging. The tools employed are molecular genetics, molecular biology, protein analysis, microscopy and imaging, behavioural analysis and many more;

4. Plant and Microbial Sciences
   This orientation emphasises the cellular and molecular aspects of pathogenic and symbiotic plant-microbe interactions. The research groups focus on aspects ranging from the recognition of microbes by the plants, initiation of defences, metabolic and hormonal adjustments, and interference of the microbe with the host defences. A gamut of modern tools are used in the areas of molecular biology, reverse genetics, imaging and biochemistry. The training
both in practical and theoretical areas will prepare the students for the challenge of the professional world.

### Academic and professional openings

Graduates find job opportunities for example as researchers in biotech companies, or in laboratories for quality control (pharmaceutical or agroalimentary industry), as environmental research consultant, biosafety officer or scientific collaborator at various offices and departments of the Swiss Confederation, sales representative for biotech companies, college teachers and many other jobs in fields as diverse as crop protection, animal and human health, or in areas linked to the environment. In short, with a master's degree in Biology, you can apply for positions that require a solid knowledge in biology, the ability to communicate and to view science under a critical angle, and some practical experience and skills. The master's degree also paves the way to doctoral studies (Ph.D.). During their Ph.D., students learn how to conduct independent research. During the period of 3-4 years, the Ph.D. student receives a salary and is exposed to the international research community through meetings and publications. Doctoral studies followed by a postdoctoral experience represent the typical way to access academic positions as well as positions in the upper management of industry in Switzerland and abroad.

### Studies organisation

#### Structure of studies

90 ECTS credits, 3 semesters

#### Curriculum

[http://studies.unifr.ch/go/xZP](http://studies.unifr.ch/go/xZP)
[http://studies.unifr.ch/go/z3FE1](http://studies.unifr.ch/go/z3FE1)

#### Admission

Master's degree programmes are built on the knowledge and abilities that were acquired when obtaining a bachelor's degree.

Holders of a bachelor's degree awarded by a Swiss university are admitted to a master's degree programme without any preconditions if they have earned 60 or 90 ECTS credits – depending on the chosen master's degree programme – within the corresponding discipline. However, additional requirements can be required. The same applies to holders of a bachelor's degree awarded by a foreign university, provided that the bachelor's degree is recognised and considered equivalent by the University of Fribourg.

Holders of a bachelor's degree awarded by a Swiss or a foreign university, provided that the bachelor's degree is recognised and considered equivalent by the University of Fribourg, who do not fulfil this condition can be admitted to a master's degree programme with preconditions (which must be successfully completed before starting the master's degree programme) and/or additional requirements (which can be completed during the master's degree programme). The preconditions and/or additional requirements may not exceed 60 ECTS credits in total. The same applies to holders of a bachelor's degree awarded by a Swiss university of applied sciences, according to existing agreements.

The respective conditions of admission for each master's degree programme are reserved.

### Alternatives

Also offered as a minor study programme (30 ECTS credits) as part of the Diplôme d'Enseignement pour les Ecoles de Maturité (DEEM)/Lehrdiplom für Maturitätsschulen (LDM).

### Contact

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